

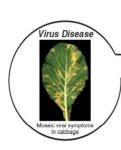
Plant Diagnostics 101

What's normal, what's not and why

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PLANTS GET SICK TOO!







Plant Pathologists help keep plants healthy **Discovering Why Plants Get Sick**

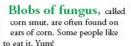
Plant Detectives





The culprits are
often invisible until
viewed under a
microscope! Then
the plant detective
(pathologist) can tell,
"Who did it."

Smoking mushrooms? Nope! The smoke is really thousands of spores leaving "home" to attack unsuspecting plants.





Whisker Mold on oranges is caused by a species of *Penicillium*. Some strains of this fungus give us the antibiotic penicillin.



Inside the brighty colored spots on these apple leaves are tiny spores that, when released, infect juniper plants causing these gooey orange tentacles to form.

Plant Pathologists solve plant health problems.

Learn more at:
The American Phytopathological Society
www.apsnet.org/careers

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Tumors

Corn Smut

Fungus

HELP!!! I need a plant

doctor!

Fungal - Bacterial

Infections

Tomato fruit rot

Nutrient Deficienc

Agrobacterium

Symptom causing agents

- Biotic or Living Agents
 - Disease and damage
 - Infectious agents can be transmitted from one plant or plant part to another
 - Plant pathogens
 - Nematodes
 - Insects and mites
 - Spread in space and time



Symptom causing agents

- Abiotic or Nonliving Agents
 - Disorders
 - Non-infectious agents cannot be transmitted from one plant or plant part to another
 - Environmental extremes
 - Chemical misuse
 - Nutrient deficiencies or toxicities
 - Do not spread in time and space



Keys to successful pest mgmt.

Accurate diagnosis & identification

Rapid & early detection

Understanding disease cycle

Understanding disease triangle

 Integrated disease management innovate . educate . improve lives



Accurate diagnostics

 Different agents may cause similar kind of symptoms

 Same agent may cause different kind of symptoms

High impact pathogens

Quarantine regulations
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Different agents on same host





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Same agent on same host







Cercospora leaf spot on Pittosporum





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Bacterial leaf spot Fungal leaf spot







Normal growth

Disease symptom





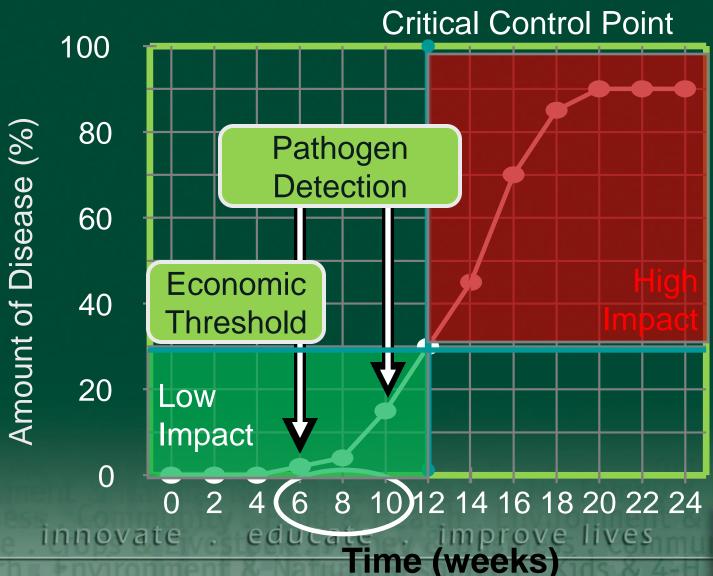


Insect or disease





Rapid and early detection





Rapid and early detection





Rapid and early detection





What do clients want to know?

What is wrong with my plants?

How do I get rid of the problem?



What do clients want to know?

What is wrong with my plants?

A diagnostician must be observant, ask questions, and records information.

Gather as much information as you can.

Remember symptoms may be caused by complex of agents

How do I get rid of the problem?



Host plant

Host plant ID

Genus species -common name misleading

Variety and cultivar

Geographic range

Possibly some specific diseases
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Normal plant

Normal plant characteristics

Variegated foliage

Flaky bark

Fall colors





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Abnormalities

Size, Shape, Color

Mushrooms

Overall growth

Lichens or moss

Sooty Moldinnovate . educate





Lichens



Ball moss



How was the weather?

Temperatures

Rainfall and drought

Hail

Lightning

High windsinnovate . educate



What are the soil conditions?

Soil type

Soil fertility

Soil pH

Soil drainage



Soil compaction

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Soil fertility

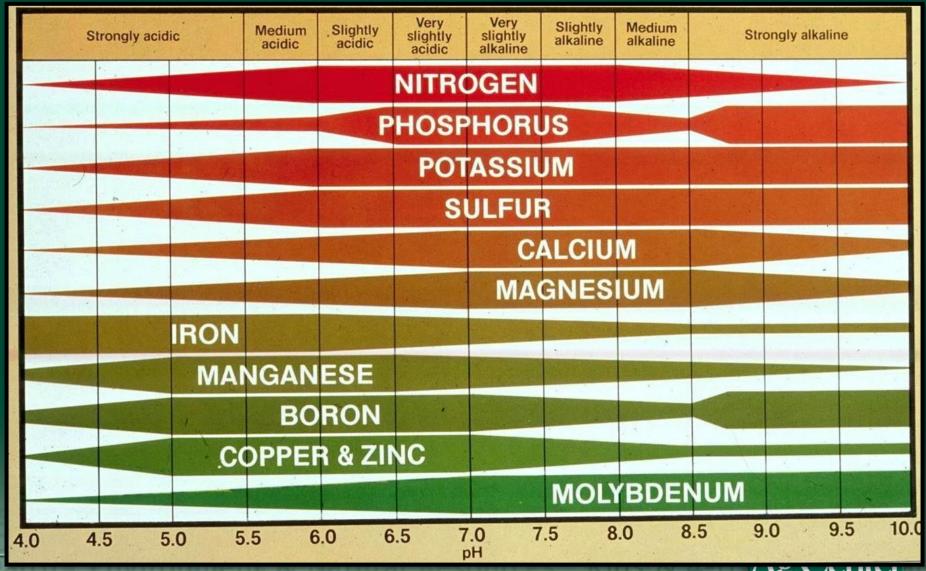


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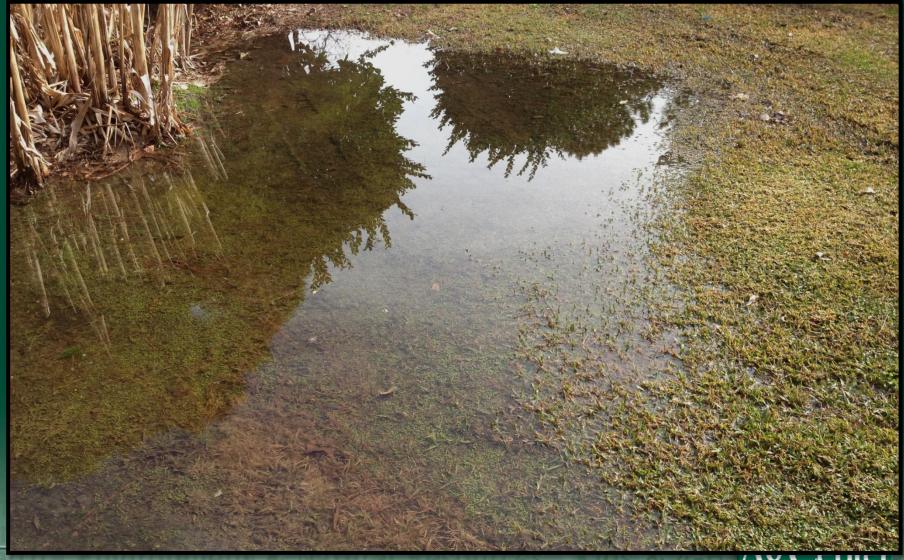
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Soil pH



Soil drainage and compaction



What are the cultural practices?

Plant source

Planting depth

Plant spacing

Mulch

Irrigation
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How to mulch trees?



How my friends think it should look



How my parents think it should look



How my neighbors think it should look



How society thinks it should look



How I thought it should look



How it should look

Incorrectly applying **mulch** around a tree in the shape of a **volcano** can cause the roots to grow around the trunk, **strangling** it which could eventually lead to the **loss** of the **tree**.





What is fertilizer history?

Nutrient source.

Time and type of application.

Over and under fertilization.

 Nutrient toxicity and deficiency. educate





What is chemical history?

- Herbicide injury
- Application
- Edge effect and May appear at once
- Neighbors
- Tank mix and over-doze





What plant parts are affected?

Above ground



What is the symptoms pattern?

- Examine plants next to the infected one
- Examine other host species
- Symptoms uniform vs random
- Progression of symptoms
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Symptoms and signs

- Symptom is the visual effect produced by a pest or a pathogen.
 - Leaf spots, wilt, root rot......

- Sign is the physical evidence of a pest or a pathogen.
 - Fungal spores, insects, sooty mold......



What are the symptoms?

- Leaf spots
- Galls
- Rusts
- Diebacks
- Cankers
- Chlorosis
- Necrosis
- Mildews
- Wilts

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What are the signs?

- Mycelium and spores
- Mold or mildew
- Sclerotia
- Rusts or smuts
- Bacterial ooze
- Root knots
- Insects and exuviae
- Mites and web
- Insect droppings
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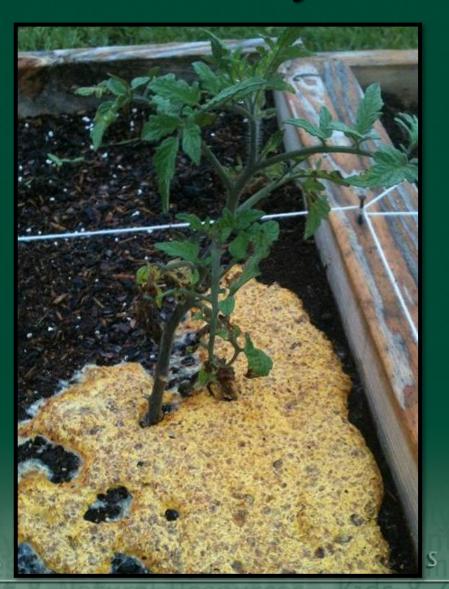


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